

**UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAM IN ELECTRONICS AND INSTRUMENTATION
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ELECTRONICS
FACULTY OF MATHEMATICS AND NATURAL SCIENCES
UNIVERSITAS GADJAH MADA**

Module name	Advanced Electronics
Module level	Undergraduate
Code-Class	MII2814
Courses requirement (if applicable)	Digital Electronics
Semester	Even (Genap)
Contact person	Drs. Abdul Ro'uf, M.IKom
Lecturer	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Drs. Abdul Ro'uf, M.IKom 2. Dr. Ahmad Ashari, M.IKom 3. Dr. Yohanes Suyanto, M.IKom
Language	Bahasa Indonesia
Relation to curriculum	1. Undergraduate degree program, mandatory, 4th semester.
Type of teaching, contact hours	Undergraduate degree program: lectures, < 60 students, 150 minutes
Workload	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lectures: 3 x 50 = 150 minutes (2.5 hours) per week. 2. Exercises and Assignments: 3 x 60 = 180 minutes (3 hours) per week. 3. Private study: 3 x 60 = 180 minutes (3 hours) per week.
Credit points	3 credit points (sks).
Requirements according to the examination regulations	A student must have attended at least 75% of the lectures to sit in the exams.
Recommended prerequisites	
Course learning Outcomes and their corresponding PLOs	<p>After completing this module, a student is expected to:</p> <p>CO1 Be able to explain two types of digital circuits: PLO2 combinational and sequential.</p> <p>CO2 Be able to explain the stages in combinational and PLO2 sequential circuit design.</p> <p>CO3 Be able to simplify the circuit through mathematical PLO3 methods with boole algebra, visual with karnough maps and algorithmic with Quine McCluskey tabulations.</p> <p>CO4 can realize the circuit using NAND, NOR, XOR, Decoder and PLO3 Multiplexer gates.</p> <p>CO5 can describe the function of a sequential circuit through PLO4 sequential circuit analysis stages.</p> <p>CO6 can design sequential circuits through sequential sequences PLO4</p>

	synthesis stages.
Content	This lecture will discuss two types of digital circuits: combinational and sequential digital. Stages in combinational circuit design. Description and manipulation of logic functions mathematically using boolean algebra. Description and simplification of functions using the Karnough map. Description of functions in N dimension space and simplification using the Quine-McCluskey tabulation method. Simplification method for multiple-output circuits. Realization of the circuit using NAND, NOR and XOR gates. Special realization for popular circuits. Various flip-flop circuits. Analysis of sequential circuits and synthesis of sequential circuits, both clock mode, level mode and pulse mode. Introduction of VHDL to combinational and sequential circuits.
Study and examination requirements and forms of examination	Midterms examination and Final examination.
Media employed	LCD, blackboard, websites, simulation tools.
Assessments and Evaluation	CO-1 Midterm exam, quiz (total: 10%) CO-2 Midterm exam, quiz (total: 10%) CO-3 Midterm exam, assignment (total: 20%) CO-4 Final exam, assignment (total: 15%) CO-5 Final exam, assignment (total: 15%) CO-6 Final exam, assignment (total: 30%)
Reading List	Hill, Peterson, 1993, <i>Introduction to Switching Theory and Logical Design</i> , Third-edition, John Wiley & Sons., New York. [4] Mano & Kime, 2008, <i>Logic and Computer Design Fundamentals</i> , 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall. Wakerly, John F, 2007, <i>Digital Design Principles and Practices</i> , Fourth-edition, Pearson International Edition, Singapore. Astola & Stankovic, 2006, <i>Fundamentals of Switching Theory and Logical Design</i> , Springer, Netherland. Mano, 2004, <i>Digital Design</i> , Second Edition, Prentice- Hall Inc., New Jersey